

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 1994

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 1-6948

SPX CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State of Incorporation)
No.)38-1016240
(I.R.S. Employer Identification
No.)700 Terrace Point Drive, Muskegon, Michigan 49443
(Address of Principal Executive Office)

Registrant's Telephone Number including Area Code (616) 724-5000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all
reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or
for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file
such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements
for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

Common shares outstanding April 29, 1994 -- 13,944,106

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SPX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
(000s omitted)(Unaudited)
March 31 December 31
1994 1993

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and temporary cash investments	\$ 14,899	\$ 117,843
Receivables	148,440	123,081
Lease finance receivables-current portion	32,839	33,834
Inventories	161,066	159,223
Deferred income tax asset and refunds	54,489	54,489
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	27,451	29,726
Total Current Assets	\$ 439,184	\$ 518,196

Investments	13,945	13,446
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Property, plant and equipment (at cost)	\$ 374,644	\$ 367,832
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Less: Accumulated depreciation	(176,203)	(169,687)
	\$ 198,441	\$ 198,145
Lease finance receivables - long term	50,079	51,013
Costs in excess of net assets of businesses acquired	202,835	204,149
Other assets	43,420	39,452
	\$ 947,904	\$1,024,401

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities:

Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 44,208	\$ 93,975
Accounts payable	80,141	62,968
Accrued liabilities	179,144	229,998
Income taxes payable	12,596	11,864
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 316,089	\$ 398,805

Long-term liabilities	123,953	123,235
Deferred income taxes	21,338	20,787
Long-term debt	338,513	336,187

Shareholders' Equity:

Common stock	\$ 155,772	\$ 155,558
Paid in capital	58,624	58,926
Retained earnings	22,112	20,282
	\$ 236,508	\$ 234,766
Less: Common stock held in treasury	50,000	50,000
Unearned compensation - ESOP	35,046	35,900
Minority interest	1,320	1,080
Cumulative translation adjustments	2,131	2,399
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$ 148,011	\$ 145,387
	\$ 947,904	\$1,024,401

SPX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In thousands of dollars except per share amounts)

	(Unaudited)	
	Three Months Ended	
	March 31	
	1994	1993
REVENUES	\$277,451	\$179,164
COSTS & EXPENSES		
Cost of products sold	207,357	121,776
Selling, general & administrative expenses	54,160	50,762
Other expense (income), net	606	1,519
SPT equity losses	-	565
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 15,328	\$ 4,542
Interest expense, net	10,228	3,907
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	\$ 5,100	\$ 635
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	2,000	278
INCOME BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING METHODS	\$ 3,100	\$ 357
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING METHODS, NET OF INCOME TAXES	-	(31,800)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3,100	\$(31,443)
INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE:		
Before cumulative effect of change in accounting methods	\$.24	\$.02
Cumulative effect of change in accounting methods	-	(2.52)
Net income (loss)	\$.24	\$ (2.50)
Dividends per share	\$.10	\$.10
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	12,707,000	12,557,000

SPX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 1994 (Unaudited)

1. The interim financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results of the interim periods presented. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Amounts in the 1993 consolidated financial statements have been restated to reflect the company's previous 49% share of Sealed Power Technologies Limited Partnership ("SPT") income or loss and the effect of amortizing the difference between its investment balance and its share of SPT's initial partnership capital deficit and to reflect new accounting for the company's ESOP.
2. Information regarding the company's segments was as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	1994	1993
Revenues:	(in thousands)	
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$ 139.7	\$ 111.4
SPX Credit Corporation.....	3.4	0.5
Original Equipment Components.	134.4	6.1
Businesses sold in 1993.....	-	61.2
Total.....	\$ 277.5	\$ 179.2
Operating income (loss):		
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$ 6.3	\$ 4.2
SPX Credit Corporation.....	2.2	0.1
Original Equipment Components.	11.7	(0.5)
Businesses sold in 1993.....	-	4.6
General corporate expenses....	(4.9)	(3.9)
Total.....	\$ 15.3	\$ 4.5
Capital Expenditures:		
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$ 2.8	\$ 1.2
SPX Credit Corporation.....	-	-
Original Equipment Components.	6.0	0.1
Businesses sold in 1993.....	-	2.6
General corporate.....	1.5	0.0
Total.....	\$ 10.3	\$ 3.9
Depreciation and amortization:		
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$ 4.0	\$ 3.6
SPX Credit Corporation.....	-	-
Original Equipment Components.	5.7	0.5
Businesses sold in 1993.....	-	2.2
General corporate.....	0.1	0.1
Total.....	\$ 9.8	\$ 6.4
	March 31,	December 31
	1994	1993
Identifiable assets:		
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$ 422.4	\$ 383.3
SPX Credit Corporation.....	84.6	85.2
Original Equipment Components.	356.7	343.8
General corporate.....	84.2	212.1
Total.....	\$ 947.9	\$ 1,024.4

3. In March of 1994, the first portion of the Refinancing was completed when the company closed a \$250 million revolving credit facility with First National Bank of Chicago, as agent for a syndicate of banks. This revolving credit facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.0% or the prime rate (at the company's option) and expires in 1999. Upon completion of the senior subordinated note offering, this revolving credit facility is to be reduced to \$225 million of maximum availability. Proceeds from this revolving credit facility will be used to extinguish SPX debt as follows: Senior Notes aggregating \$75 million, the \$19.7 million note to the Allen Group, the company's ESOP trust's note of \$42.1 million and \$68 million of miscellaneous debt, much of which was technically in default of covenant provisions. Also, \$15.2 million of letters of credit securing the Industrial Revenue Bonds were renegotiated. At March 31, 1994, approximately \$80 million of this indebtedness had been paid using the revolving credit facility and existing cash.

By June 30, 1994, the company expects to have completed its \$260 million offering of senior subordinated notes. These notes are anticipated to bear interest at a rate of approximately 11% and will be due in or after the year 2002. At that time, the proceeds will be used to retire existing SPT borrowings, including the \$100 million of 14.5% senior subordinated debentures, the Term Bank Loan, and the Revolving Credit Loans. Excess proceeds will be used to pay down the company's new revolving credit facility at that time.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition

First Quarter 1994 vs. First Quarter 1993

The accompanying first quarter 1993 consolidated statement of income does not include the results of Allen Testproducts and Allen Group Leasing as they were acquired June 10, 1993, but does include the results of the Sealed Power Replacement division which was sold October 22, 1993, the results of the Truth division which was sold November 5, 1993, the company's 49% share of the earnings or losses of Sealed Power Technologies Limited Partnership ("SPT"), the equity losses of Sealed Power Technologies Limited Partnership Europe ("SP Europe"). The first quarter 1994 consolidated statement of income reflects the results of SPT and SP Europe in their entirety. For purposes of comparison, certain selected unaudited pro forma 1993 information is presented in the following discussion to enhance understanding. The pro forma first quarter 1993 information reflects the acquisition of Allen Testproducts and Allen Group Leasing and related restructuring, the divestiture of the Sealed Power Replacement and Truth divisions, the acquisition of 51% of SPT, and the consolidation of SP Europe as if they had occurred as of January 1, 1993.

Revenues

The following were revenues by business segment:

	Three months ended March 31		
	Historical 1994	1993	Pro Forma 1993
	(dollars in millions)		
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$139.7	\$111.4	\$126.4
SPX Credit Corporation.....	3.4	0.5	4.2
Original Equipment Components	134.4	6.1	119.6
Businesses sold in 1993.....	-	61.2	-
Total.....	\$277.5	\$179.2	\$250.2

Total revenues for the first quarter of 1994 were up significantly over the first quarter of 1993 due to the inclusion of SPT and SP Europe revenues in 1994 (SPT and SP Europe were consolidated as of December 31, 1993). Also effecting first quarter 1994 revenues was the inclusion of the revenues of Allen Testproducts and SPX Credit Corporation (formerly Allen Group Leasing), whereas in 1993, the revenues of Allen Testproducts and Allen Group Leasing were not included until the June 10, 1993 acquisition. Offsetting these increases in revenues was the loss of revenues of the Sealed Power Replacement and Truth divisions, which were sold in the fourth quarter of 1993.

Revenues of Specialty Service Tools for the first quarter of 1994 include Allen Testproducts. If Allen Testproducts revenues are included in the first quarter of 1993, pro forma first quarter 1993 revenues would have been \$126.4 million. The remaining increase in 1994 revenues over pro forma 1993 revenues, approximately \$13 million, was attributable to improved general aftermarket tool sales, strong hand held diagnostic equipment sales, improved high pressure hydraulic sales and higher automotive related refrigerant recovery and recycling equipment sales.

As stated above, first quarter 1994 revenues of Original Equipment Components were up significantly due to the inclusion of SPT. Pro forma first quarter 1993 revenues including SPT and SP Europe would have been \$119.6 million. The remaining increase in 1994 over pro forma 1993 revenues, approximately \$15 million, was attributable to strong increases in all product line sales to OEMs as production of new vehicles was up from last year. The segment's aftermarket revenues also increased.

Revenues of SPX Credit Corporation, which was formed in June 1993, were down from pro forma 1993. SPX Credit Corporation's revenues and lease portfolio were comparable to levels of the last half of 1993 after SPX Credit Corporation merged its existing leasing activities with Allen Group Leasing.

Gross Profit

Gross profit was \$70.1 million, or 25.3% of revenues, in the first quarter of 1994 compared to \$57.4 million, or 32.0% of reve-

nues, in the first quarter of 1993. Due to the significant acquisition and divestiture activity in 1993, these figures are not comparable. Pro forma first quarter 1993 gross profit would have been \$64.5 million, or 25.8% of revenues.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense ("SG&A")

SG&A was \$54.2 million, or 19.5% of revenues, in the first quarter of 1994 compared to \$50.8 million, or 28.3% of revenues, in the first quarter of 1993. Due to the significant acquisition and divestiture activity in 1993, these figures are not comparable. Pro forma first quarter 1993 SG&A would have been \$54.5 million, or 21.8% of revenues.

Operating income (loss)

The following was operating income loss by business segment:

	Three months ended March 31		
	Historical 1994	1993	Pro forma 1993
	(dollars in millions)		
Specialty Service Tools.....	\$ 6.3	\$ 4.2	\$ 6.6
SPX Credit Corporation.....	2.2	0.1	2.5
Original Equipment Components	11.7	(0.5)	5.1
Businesses sold in 1993.....	-	4.6	-
General corporate expenses...	(4.9)	(3.9)	(4.5)
Total.....	\$ 15.3	\$ 4.5	\$ 9.7

Total operating income for the first quarter of 1994 was up significantly over the first quarter of 1993 due to the inclusion of SPT in 1994 (SPT and SP Europe were consolidated as of December 31, 1993). Also affecting first quarter 1994 operating income was the inclusion of the operating income of Allen Testproducts and SPX Credit Corporation, whereas in 1993, operating income was not included until the June 1993 acquisition. Offsetting these increases in operating income was the loss of operating income of the Sealed Power Replacement and Truth divisions, which were sold in the fourth quarter of 1993.

First quarter 1994 operating income of Specialty Service Tools segment includes the results of Allen Testproducts which are now included in the results of the Automotive Diagnostics division. Pro forma first quarter 1993 operating income would have been \$6.6 million had it included Allen Testproducts and had certain cost reductions been realized through the combination with the Bear Automotive division. While comparative first quarter revenues are up in Specialty Service Tools, the small reduction in comparative operating income reflects the continued operating loss at the Automotive Diagnostics division. Also contributing to the reduced operating income were lower margins on the refrigerant recovery and recycling systems.

Operating income of Original Equipment Components was up significantly due to the inclusion of SPT. The increase in 1994 first quarter operating income over 1993 pro forma was attributable to continued increases in customer demand as a result of the effect of increased U.S. domestic light vehicle production, combined with an increase in demand for parts in the automotive aftermarket.

Operating income of SPX Credit Corporation was down from pro forma 1993. SPX Credit Corporation's operating income was comparable with levels achieved in the last half of 1993 after SPX Credit Corporation merged its existing leasing activities with Allen Group Leasing.

Interest Expense, net

First quarter 1994 interest expense, net was \$10.2 million compared to \$3.9 million in the first quarter of 1993. The increase was attributable to higher debt levels associated with the purchase of SPT and Allen Testproducts which were partially offset by proceeds from the divestitures of the Sealed Power Replacement and Truth divisions. Additionally, the debt existing during the first quarter of 1994 was at relatively higher interest rates which contributed to the increase in interest expense.

Provision for Income Taxes

The first quarter 1994 effective income tax rate was approximately 39% which reflects the company's current estimated rate for

the year.

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Methods, net of Tax

In the first quarter of 1993, the company adopted new accounting for its Employee Stock Ownership Plan and adopted SFAS No. 106 - "Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions" for its then existing 49% share of SPT, resulting in a \$31.8 million aftertax charge.

Liquidity and Financial Condition

As a result of the company's acquisition activity in 1993, the company is more leveraged than in the past. This financial leverage requires the company to focus on cash flows to meet higher interest costs and to maintain dividends. Management believes that operations and the credit arrangements established in the first quarter will be sufficient to supply the future funding needed by the company.

Cash Flow

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	1994	1993
	(in millions)	
Cash flows from:		
Operating activities.....	\$ 5.2	\$ (9.6)
Investing activities.....	(10.3)	(9.1)
Financing activities.....	(97.8)	16.7
Net Cash flow.....	\$(102.9)	\$ (2.0)

Cash flows from operating activities was a \$5.2 million inflow in first quarter of 1994 compared to a \$9.6 million outflow in the first quarter of 1993. The first quarter tends to increase working capital significantly as higher revenue levels are experienced in the first quarter when compared to the fourth quarter. In the first quarter of both years, accounts receivable increased substantially reflecting the higher revenue levels. In the first quarter of 1994, a significant increase in accounts payable was achieved which mitigated the negative cash flow effect of the increase in accounts receivable. The first quarter of 1994 cash flows from operating activities was also effected by the reduction of accrued liabilities, much of which was continued utilization of the Automotive Diagnostic's restructuring reserve. At March 31, 1994, the restructuring reserve of \$8.9 million is principally required for remaining work force reductions and facility closing costs.

Cash flows from investing activities was an outflow of \$10.3 million in 1994 compared to an outflow of \$9.1 million in 1993. While capital expenditures in 1994 were significantly higher than in 1993, the company advanced \$5.2 million to SP Europe in the first quarter of 1993, which was consolidated by the company at December 31, 1993.

Cash flows from financing activities in first quarter of 1993 consisted primarily of debt borrowings to fund operational requirements and capital expenditures in 1993. The first quarter of 1994 includes the \$39 million payment to Riken Corporation to acquire the additional 49% of SPT, payment of approximately \$6 million of debt extinguishment costs related to the partial payment of the ESOP trust's note, payment of \$4.1 million of debt acquisition costs related to the new revolving credit facility and to pay down \$47.6 million on SPX debt.

During the second quarter of 1994, the company expects significant cash expenditures to complete its refinancing, including early extinguishment costs on remaining SPX debt and SPT debt. Also, early in the second quarter, approximately \$8 million of payments were made to finalize the dispute with the Internal Revenue Service regarding the company's tax deferred income tax treatment of the 1989 transaction in which several operating units were contributed to SPT and to finalize certain other tax matters related to the 1989 tax year.

Capitalization

	March 31	Dec. 31
	1994	1993
	(in millions)	
Notes payable and current		

maturities of long-term debt	\$ 44.2	\$ 94.0
Long-term debt.....	338.5	336.2
Total debt.....	\$ 382.7	\$ 430.2
Shareholders' equity.....	148.0	145.4
Total capitalization.....	\$ 530.7	\$ 575.6
Total debt to capitalization		
Ratio.....	72.1%	74.7%

At March 31, 1994, the company's total debt was composed of SPX debt of \$174.8 million and of SPT debt of \$207.9 million. As of March 31, 1994, the company has used existing cash balances and proceeds from its new \$250 million revolving credit facility to pay Riken Corporation for the additional 49% of SPT, extinguish a majority of the company's ESOP trust's note of \$42.1 million and to pay off \$50 of bank loans. In April, the company completed the extinguishment of the ESOP note, the senior notes of \$75 million, the \$19.7 million note to the Allen Group and \$18 million of other debt utilizing the new revolving credit.

The company continues with its plan to issue \$260 million of senior subordinated notes before the end of the second quarter of 1994. At that time, the outstanding SPT debt will be extinguished using the proceeds from this offering. The March 31, 1994 unaudited pro forma total debt would have been approximately \$409 million assuming that the remaining SPX debt was extinguished as well as having the issuance of the senior subordinated notes and the SPT debt extinguishment completed.

After the completion of the refinancing, the company's total debt availability will consist of the new revolving credit of \$225 million (adjusted), the senior subordinated notes of \$260 million and Industrial Revenue Bonds of \$15.2 million. Management believes that the additional availability from these facilities is sufficient

to meet operational cash requirements, working capital requirements and capital expenditures planned for 1994 and thereafter.

If the notes are not issued, the revolving credit facility would remain at \$250 million and be secured by the company's assets (excluding SPT) and the SPT debt would remain outstanding. The combination of the unused SPX revolver availability and the unused SPT credit availability would be sufficient to cover the company's planned operational cash requirements, working capital requirements and capital expenditures for 1994 and thereafter.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures for the first quarter of 1994 were \$10.3 million compared to \$3.9 million in the first quarter of 1993. Full year 1994 planned expenditures are estimated to exceed \$40 million and the first quarter reflects the annual pace. 1993 capital expenditures do not include SPT.

Other Matters

Accounting Pronouncements - As of the beginning of 1994, the company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, No. 112 - "Employers' Accounting for Postemployment Benefits." This standard requires that the cost of benefits provided to former or inactive employees be recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. The company's analysis is that the provisions of this statement are not material to its financial position or results of operations.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Exhibits
- (2) None.
 - (4) None.
 - (11) None.
 - (15) None.
 - (18) None.
 - (19) None.
 - (20) None.
 - (23) None.
 - (24) None.
 - (25) None.
 - (28) None.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K
- None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SPX CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: May 9, 1994

By
Dale A. Johnson
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 9, 1994

By
R. Budd Werner
Vice President, Finance and
Chief Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SPX CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: May 9, 1994

By s/s Dale A. Johnson
Dale A. Johnson
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 9, 1994

By s/s R. Budd Werner
R. Budd Werner
Vice President, Finance and
Chief Financial Officer